



GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Water Soluble Iron (Fe)	: 6 %
(Ortho-Ortho)	: 4,5 %

BENEFITS

- Gives a strong apical zone, free of chlorosis.
- Iron 100% chelated and highly available up to a pH of 9 due to 4.5 % ortho-ortho.
- Easy to handle, dissolve and apply.
- Developed for fertigation in open field and greenhouses. Also suitable for foliar application.

ADVANTAGES

- Rapidly dissolvable.
- Free of Ammonium.
- Black/red microgranules, powder.

PACKAGING:



Iron Chelated With EDDHA

FERROKING

FEATURES

FERROKING Iron-EDDHA 6 % (4.5 % o-o) is a highly pure Iron fertilizer, with a very high percentage of ortho-ortho, which dissolves rapidly and completely. The high level of Iron in our formula improves the production of chlorophyll.

USAGE AREA, FORM, TIME AND QUANTITY

In 1.000 Lt. STOCK SOLUTION	Fe in Gr.	Fe in mmol	USAGE AREA	APLICATION TIME	MINIMUM Kg. / Ha / SEASON	MAXIMUM Kg. / Ha / SEASON
0.1 Kg.	6	0.11	Vegetables	2 applications: • As of 4 weeks after planting. • Until beginning of flowering.	10 Kg. / Ha	15 Kg. / Ha
0.5 Kg.	30	0.54	Fruit trees (young)	2 applications: • As of leaf bud opening. • Until vegetative growth.	6 Kg. / Ha	16 Kg. / Ha
1.0 Kg.	60	1.07	Fruit trees (adult)	2 applications: • As of leaf bud opening. • Until vegetative growth.	15 Kg. / Ha	40 Kg. / Ha
1.5 Kg.	90	1.61	Citrus (young)	2 - 3 applications: • During vegetative growth. • Spring application. • Autumn application.	6 Kg. / Ha	14 Kg. / Ha
			Citrus (adult)	2 - 3 applications: • During vegetative growth. • Spring application. • Autumn application.	12 Kg. / Ha	40 Kg. / Ha
			Flowers	• Spring application. • As of 1st symptoms of chlorosis.	10 Kg. / Ha	50 Kg. / Ha
			Vineyards (Young)	• During leaf bud opening. • As of 1st symptoms of chlorosis.	8 Kg. / Ha	15 Kg. / Ha
			Vineyards (Adult)	• During leaf bud opening. • As of 1st symptoms of chlorosis.	15 Kg. / Ha	40 Kg. / Ha
			Table Grape	• During leaf bud opening. • As of 1st symptoms of chlorosis.	15 Kg. / Ha	50 Kg. / Ha

HYDROPONICS

Mentioned concentrations represents the amount of nutrients in the stock solution. The final concentration in the irrigation water depends on the amount of nutrients in the stock solution, the injection ratio and the amount of nutrients used in the water.

FERTIGATION

It is possible to apply a lower dose than recommended in case of low risk of deficiency or to avoid an expected potential slight deficiency. The mentioned indicated dosages and application stages are given as a guideline. Exact dosages, concentration and application stage are subject to local conditions, use of other fertilizers and can only be given after an objective diagnosis.